

Féidearthachtaí as Cuimse  
Infinite Possibilities

# Customer Segmentation

Lecture 3



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# Quote by Philip Kotler

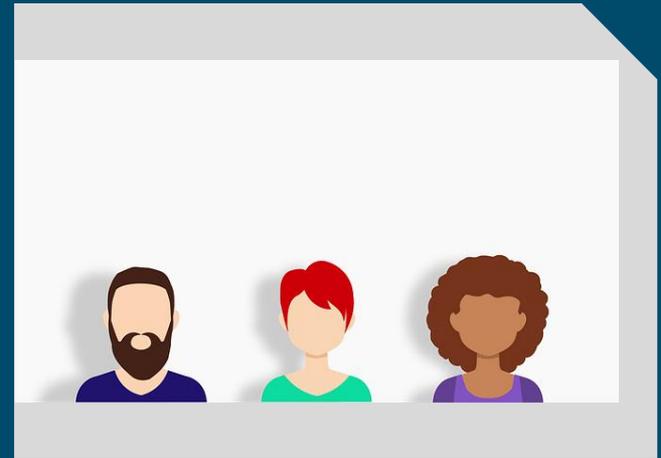


# Case Study Example – Cross Pens



# Questions on Customer Segmentation

- For whom are you creating value?
- Who are your most important customers?



# Approaches to Customer Segmentation

- **Mass market** – Targets a broad audience with similar needs.
- **Niche market** – Serves a specific, narrow customer group.
- **Segmented market** – Offers tailored products to distinct groups.
- **Diversified** – Serves unrelated customer segments simultaneously.
- **Multi-sided platform** – Connects interdependent customer groups.

# Ways to Segment by Demographics

- **Age and gender** – Group customers by age and sex.
- **Income** – Segments based on earning levels.
- **Level of education** – Groups by the highest level of education attained.
- **Occupation** – Segments by type of work.
- **Social status** – Groups by societal class or rank.
- **Family** – Segments by household composition.
- **Life stage** – Groups by significant life events.

# Ways to Segment by Geographics

- **Climate** – Segments by weather conditions of the area.
- **Culture** – Groups by shared customs and traditions.
- **Language** – Segments by spoken or written language.
- **Population density** – Groups by crowdedness of area.
- **Country** – Segments by national boundaries.
- **City** – Groups by specific urban location.

# Ways to Segment by Psychographics

- **Personality** – Segments by individual traits and characteristics.
- **Hobbies** – Groups by preferred leisure activities.
- **Opinions** – Segments by personal views or preferences.
- **Life goals** – Groups by long-term aspirations.
- **Values and beliefs** – Segments by moral or cultural principles.
- **Lifestyle** – Groups by daily habits and choices.
- **Attitudes** – Segments by feelings toward ideas or products.

# Ways to Segment by Behaviours

- **Spending habits** – Groups by how much customers spend.
- **Purchasing habits** – Segments by buying frequency or patterns.
- **Occasion** – Groups by specific purchase or usage events.
- **Buyer stage** – Segments by position in the buying journey.
- **Loyalty to your brand** – Groups by repeat purchase commitment.
- **Product feedback** – Segments by customer reviews or opinions.
- **Usage** – Groups by how often the product is used.
- **Benefits sought** – Segments by desired product advantages.

# Benefits of Market Segmentation

- Focus on the customers that matter most.
- Power new product development.
- Design more effective marketing.
- Deliver better customer service.
- Use your resources more efficiently.
- Develop a more customer centric culture.
- Create a superior experience for customers.

# Video Explainer – Customer Segmentation

<https://youtu.be/gXFAAYflep8?si=vh6igSLu9wTssu9A>

# Disability-Inclusive Market Segmentation

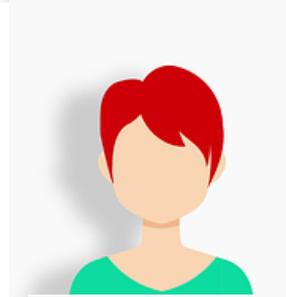
- There are over 1 billion people globally with disabilities.
- In NI and ROI, disabled consumers represent a growing and underserved segment.
- Many face barriers to access, creating niches for inclusive innovation (e.g., adaptive clothing, accessible tourism).
- Segmenting for this market shows both social impact and commercial opportunity.

# Sim Venture Validate – Define Your Customer in 4 Steps

- What is the name of the customer segment?
- What type of segment is this (B2B, B2C)?
- Provide customer age or company size?
- Describe 3 customers.

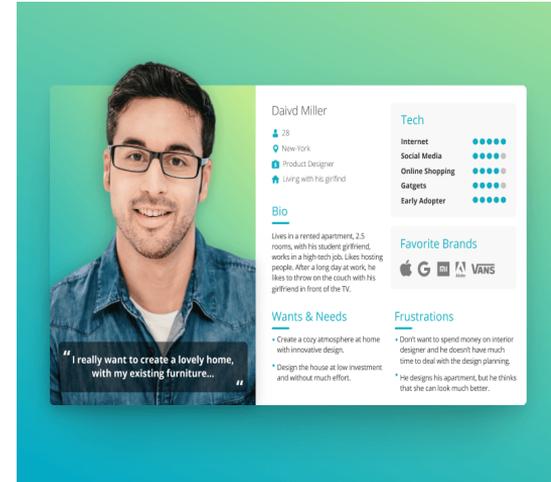
# Persona Exercise (1 of 2)

- List the key terms to describe your target customer.
- For example: 18-24 year old, female, Irish, university student.
- Use Google Image to select an image that best represents your target audience.



# Persona Exercise (2 of 2)

- Find other images to represent their:
  - Habits & interests,
  - Desires,
  - Fears & pain points.
- Create a portfolio of images of your target customer.
- How does your target customer navigate challenges or barriers in everyday life? What inclusive solutions do they value?
- Add your preferred image to Sim Venture Validate.



# Key Takeaways

1. Your product or service cannot target everybody.
2. Identify a specific customer segment that you can lead.
3. Develop a persona that accurately portrays your target customer.
4. Develop a persona to visualise your target customer.
5. Inclusive segmentation improves business outcomes by identifying underserved and loyal customer groups, such as persons with disabilities.